

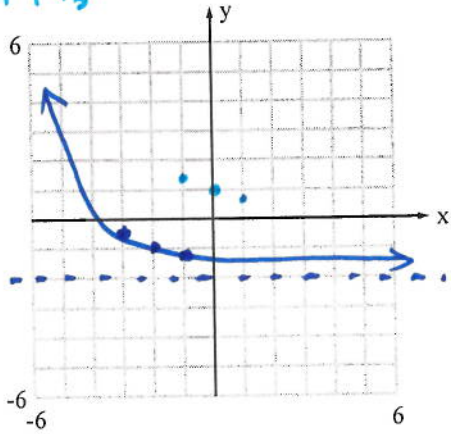
Part 1- NO Calculator

Graph each function. Show 3 basic points and their transformation points for each graph. State the domain and range for each function. Draw in any asymptotes.

$y = \frac{3}{4}x$

x	y
0	0
-1	-3/4
-1	4/3

1. $y = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{x+2} - 2$

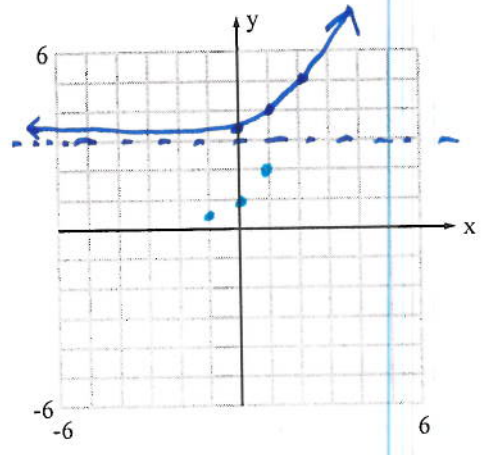


D: \mathbb{R} R: $y > -2$

2. $y = 2^{x-1} + 3$

$y = 2^x$

x	y
0	1
-1	1/2
-1	2



D: \mathbb{R} R: $y > 3$

3. Given the model $y = 150(1.23)^t$. Identify the initial amount, the growth factor, and the percent of increase.
 Initial amount: 150 Growth factor: 1.23 Percent increase: 23%

Tell whether each function represents an exponential growth (EG) or exponential decay (ED).

4. $y = 5(3)^x$
EG

5. $y = 2\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^x$
ED

6. $y = 4e^{-5x}$
ED

Simplify each expression.

7. $\frac{e^x}{e^{-4x}} = e^{5x}$

8. $e^4 \cdot e^5 = e^9$

Simplify each expression.

$$9. (4e^{-5})^2 = \frac{16}{e^{10}}$$

$$\text{or } 16e^{-10}$$

$$10. \sqrt{20e^5} = 2e^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{5e}$$

Rewrite each logarithmic equation into exponential form.

$$11. \log_3 243 = 5$$

$$3^5 = 243$$

$$12. \log_6 \frac{1}{216} = -3$$

$$6^{-3} = \frac{1}{216}$$

Rewrite each exponential equation into logarithmic form.

$$13. (-5)^3 = -125$$

$$\log_{-5} -125 = 3$$

$$14. \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^4 = \frac{81}{16}$$

$$\log_{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{81}{16} = 4$$

Evaluate each logarithm.

$$15. \log_4 64 = x$$

$$4^x = 64$$

$$4^x = 4^3$$

$$\boxed{x = 3}$$

$$16. \log_3 \frac{1}{27} = x$$

$$3^x = \frac{1}{27}$$

$$3^x = 3^{-3}$$

$$\boxed{x = -3}$$

Part 2 - Calculator Allowed

1. You buy a new truck for \$45,000. The value decreases by 17% each year.

- a) Write a model that gives the truck's value after t years. $y = 45000(.83)^t$
- b) Find the value of the truck after 8 years. Round to the nearest dollar.
\$10,135
- c) Find when the value of the truck will be \$20,000. Round to the nearest tenth.
Use graph: zoom fit, trace ≈ 4.5 years

2. You deposit \$850 in an account that pays 1.8%. How much money will be in the account after 5 years based on how often the money is compounded. SHOW SET UP.

a) quarterly
4 times
Set-up: $850\left(1 + \frac{.018}{4}\right)^{4 \cdot 5}$ a) \$929.86

b) monthly
12 times
Set-up: $850\left(1 + \frac{.018}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot 5}$ b) \$929.98 or \$929.99 *not sure if bank rounds up/down

c) continuously
 $A = Pe^{rt}$
Set-up: $850 \cdot e^{.018 \cdot 5}$ c) \$930.05

3. Find the value of $64e^{3.7}$. Round to 3 decimal places.

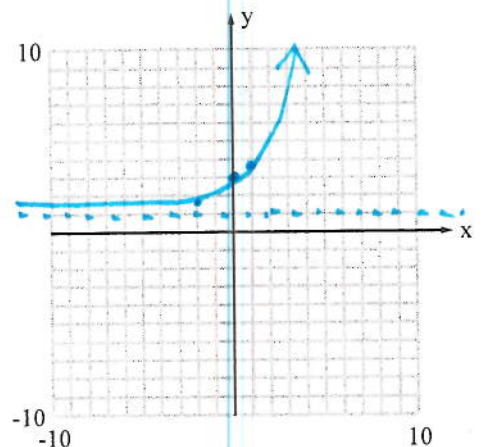
2588.627

4. Draw the graph of $y = 2e^{0.3x} + 1$ including the asymptote. State the domain and range. Name 3 points on your graph. Any rounded values should be to 3 places.

Domain: \mathbb{R}

Range: $y > 1$

Pts: $(0, 3)$ $(1, 3.7)$ $(-1, 2.482)$



5. The population (in thousands) of a city can be modeled by $P = 200e^{0.025t}$ where t is the number of years since 1995. What was the population in 2010?

$$P = 200e^{.025 \cdot 15} \approx 290,998 \text{ people}$$

Use a calculator to evaluate the logarithm to two significant digits.

6. $\log 47 \approx 1.67$

7. $\ln 9.21 \approx 2.22$