

ALGEBRA II
Chapter 4 section 3
Solve $x^2 + bx + c = 0$ by Factoring
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FOCUS:

How can factoring be used to solve quadratic equations when $a = 1$?

VOCAB:

Monomial: _____

Binomial: _____

Trinomial: _____

Quadratic Equation: _____

Root of an Equation: _____

Zero of a Function: _____

WARM – UP:

Find the product.

1. $(m - 8)(m - 9)$ _____

2. $(z + 6)(z - 10)$ _____

3. $(y + 20)(y - 20)$ _____

4. $(d + 9)^2$ _____

5. $(x - 14)^2$ _____

6. A car travels at an average speed of $(m + 7)$ miles per hour for $(m + 2)$ hours. What distance does it travel?

NOTES:

Factor.

$x^2 + 14x + 48$

$x^2 + 2x - 63$

$x^2 - 3x - 18$

$x^2 - 9x - 5$

$m^2 - 121$

$r^2 + 14r + 49$

$p^2 - 24p + 144$

$x^2 - 9$

Solve the equation.

$$x^2 - x - 42 = 0$$

$$z^2 - 3z = 54$$

$$u^2 = -9u$$

You have a rectangular vegetable garden in your backyard that measures 15 feet by 10 feet. You want to double the area of the garden by adding the same distance x to the length and width of the garden. Find the value of x and the new dimensions of the garden.

Find the zeros of the function by rewriting the function in intercept form.

$$y = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$y = x^2 - 4x + 4$$

Let's see if you comprehended what we worked on in class...

Try _____ for homework